Presentation Outline

- Background
- Steps taken (process)
- Implementation
- Results
- Way forward
Background

• Despite the encouraging results RMNCAH-N, more needs to be done to sustain and further scale up these positive developments
• The Ethiopia’s RMNCH Scorecard evolved out of a need to address gaps and challenges in implementing effective RMNCH interventions
• Use of an effective accountability framework, RMNCH scorecard, started in 2012
Steps taken

• Step 1: Identifying Program thematic areas
  – Maternal health, Child health, EPI, PMTCT, and nutrition

• Step 2: Identifying strategic clusters, initiatives and actions
  – Service delivery, supply chain, leadership, health work force, health financing, and community ownership
Steps taken....

• Step 3: Identifying indicators
  – These are input, process, output, outcome and Impact

• Step 4: Filtering indicators (pressure testing)
  – After selection of indicators, an indicator matrix was designed and it was used to design the appropriate software to run the scorecard
Implementation

• Advocacy
  – Regional and federal government level for its implementation
• Flagship initiative at ministry level with a focal person within PPD
• Incorporated in to the performance evaluation mechanism of implementers
• Healthy spirit of competition between regions
## Federal Ministry of Health

**Year: 2008 Annual**

### National Indicators

#### National Priorities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regions with Federal</th>
<th>Contraceptive Acceptance Rate</th>
<th>ANC - at least four visits</th>
<th>Births Attended by Skilled Health Personnel</th>
<th>Postnatal Care Coverage</th>
<th>PMTCT testing / # of women received ART based on option B+</th>
<th>Penta-3 vaccinated infants</th>
<th>Measles Immunization Coverage</th>
<th>Rotavirus vaccine first dose (Rota1) immunization coverage (&lt;1 year)</th>
<th>Infants fully immunized</th>
<th>Neonatal tetanus immunization - PAB</th>
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</table>

### Legend

- **Green**: Target achieved or on track
- **Yellow**: Progress but more effort required
- **Red**: Not on track
- **Gray**: No data/Not applicable
- **Up Arrow**: Value increased from previous quarter
- **Down Arrow**: Value decreased from previous quarter

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This table provides data for various health indicators across different regions and federal levels in Ethiopia for the year 2008. The indicators include contraceptive acceptance rate, ANC visits, births attended by skilled health personnel, postnatal care coverage, PMTCT testing, Penta-3 vaccinations, measles immunization, and rotavirus vaccine coverage. The data is color-coded to indicate the status of each indicator relative to the target.
Results

- Enhanced accountability
- Leadership commitment
- Identification of areas for improvement and action to take
- Enhanced a healthy spirit of competition among districts and regions
- Improved communication at all levels
- Program management impact
Lessons Learnt

• Leadership commitment is critical for successful implementation of the scorecard
• The scorecard has to be integrated within the existing system and processes
• Participation of key stakeholders in design and development of scorecard
• Awareness creation to intended users, both at technical and political levels
• Capacity building is essential (ICT in relation to eHMIS, M & E skills)
Way Forward

• Strengthening training for woreda transformation
• Broadening web platform access and functionality
• Improve on indicator setting and data quality
  – Standardize target setting process to ensure selection of attainable targets
  – Actively involve regions in indicator selection and judgment criteria setting
  – Further improve data quality (Population estimation)
• ‘Best practice’ for adoption and scale-up by other sectors and countries
Thank you

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