Priority Gap #1

 Inadequate coverage and implementation Nigeria's IMCI package, which includes treatment of SAM

Proposed Interventions

- 1. Map coverage of "One PHC per Ward" initiative
- 2. Map implementation of IMCI (people trained, supervision conducted, etc.)
- 3. Strengthen coordinated planning at state and LGA levels to determine roles and responsibilities
- 4. Advocate for funding from government
- 5. Coordinate donor/partner action (insist on alignment)
- 6. Identify champions for Child Survive, Thrive, and Transform
- 7. Develop plan for engaging private sector healthcare providers
- 8. Roll out Nigeria's IMCI package improve health services, strengthen health system (including integrated supervision), and mobilize the family & community
- 9. Engage the commercial sector (manufacturers of RUTF, pharmaceuticals, employers)

Inputs Required

- Training resources (materials, venue, food, etc.)
- Equipment (bowls for food demonstrations, MUAC tapes, etc.)
- Supplies (medicine, RUTF, job aids, reporting forms)
- Human resources (adequate # and timely payment)
- Venue and supplies for coordination meetings
- Transport allowance (for supervision)

Timeframe

- 1. Short term
- 2. Short term
- 3. Medium term (already ongoing)
- 4. Short term and continuous
- 5. Short term and continuous
- 6. Short term and continuous
- 7. Medium term
- 8. Short term (already ongoing)

9. Short term (already ongoing by SUN Business Network)

Priority Gap #2

Low political commitment to translate policy to action at all levels

Proposed Interventions

- 1. Actively engage "nutrition" and "child health" people to the Child Health Technical Working Group (to bridge divide in the FMOH/SMOH and NPHCDA/SPHCDB and other sectors)
- 2. Identify champions for Child Survive, Thrive, and Transform
- 3. Advocate at all levels and among a range of actors (e.g., Governors' Forum, Committee on Health of the National Assembly, National Council on Nutrition) to raise awareness of the importance of fetal and child growth and development
- 4. Asses and strengthen state and LGA committees on multisectoral food and nutrition

Inputs Required

- Human resources
- Targeted evidence-based advocacy materials (develop and print)
- Workshop / meeting resources (print materials, venue, food, etc.)

Timeframe

1. Short term

2. Short term

3. Short term and continuous

4. Medium term

Priority Gap #3

Limited community nutrition services (CHEWs work in facilities, don't go to communities)

Proposed Interventions

- 1. Build and track cadre of trained community volunteers on iCCM / C-IYCF counseling platforms
- 2. Promote food-based demonstrations (by positive deviants) as part of existing platforms such as NPHCDA/SPHCDB activity to optimize routine immunization services (outreach)
- 3. Coordinate with nutrition-sensitive interventions (WASH, agriculture, food preservation)
- 4. Advocate for funding from government for community nutrition services
- 5. Revitalize meetings between community members and PHC staff (Facility Development Committee / Ward Development Committee)
- 6. Use existing data regarding fetal and child growth and development for decision making at the community level

Inputs Required

- Human resources
- Equipment (bowls for food demonstrations, MUAC tapes, etc.)
- Supplies (medicine, RUTF, job aids, reporting forms)
- Meeting resources (print materials, transport allowance, venue, food, etc.)
- Data (from HMIS, immunization days, or other development programs)

Timeframe

- 1. Medium to long term
- 2. Medium term
- 3. Short and continuous
- 4. Short and continuous
- 5. Short and continuous
- 6. Medium term and continuous