# iCCM Experience Malawi

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#### iCCM Country Overview

- iCCM introduced in June 2008 through the IMCI unit of the MOH
- iCCM for malaria, pneumonia and diarrhea delivered through Health Surveillance Assistants (HSAs), a paid, multi-purpose cadre of CHWs
- MOH IMCI unit coordinates CCM implementation and convenes a national IMCI Technical Working Group
  - IMCI unit has introduced standardized treatment registers and reports for iCCM
  - Referral assisted mostly from Village health committees

#### Scale of coverage and Coordination

- Nationwide program (28 districts)
- ~4,000 hard-to-reach areas (>8km from health facility) targeted for CCM
  - CCM sites set at 8km radius (1 hour) from the nearest
     Health facility
  - Policy reviewed now using 5km radius distance
- Coordination mechanism
  - IMCI heads and chairs
- Key stakeholders:
  - IMCI-MoH, NMP-MoH, WVI, USAID, UNICEF, WHO, NGOs, Academic Institutions

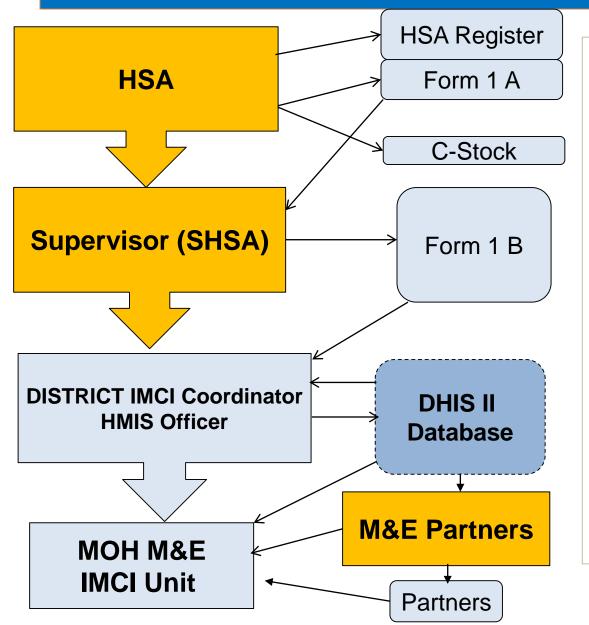
#### What we have done

- Bottom up microplanning is in place
- Revised iCCM guidelines with inclusion of Amoxicillin, mRDTS and its accompanying waste disposal management, Rectal artesunate as pre-referral, New vaccines
- Use of job aide (WHO -IMCI adapted) to identify, assess and decide what to do; treat or refer
- District level capacity and skills building with expansion of village clinics
  - Current iCCM training coverage of >84%
  - Mentorship, at least one in each respective health facility (512)
  - Supervision
    - Carried out by senior HSAs- HSAs supervisors
    - District focal persons

# **Monitoring & Evaluation**

- DHIS2
  - Reporting forms
    - Captures statistics data
    - Introduced data tools and have started orienting HMIS district folks
    - Health Centre consolidates these data before sending to district (HMIS)
    - Basis for actionable supervision and follow up
- cStock
  - Captures logistics data,
  - Improves medicines visibility and availability
- Introduction of implementation strength indicators for routine monitoring on quarterly basis

#### **Current ICCM Data Flow in Malawi**



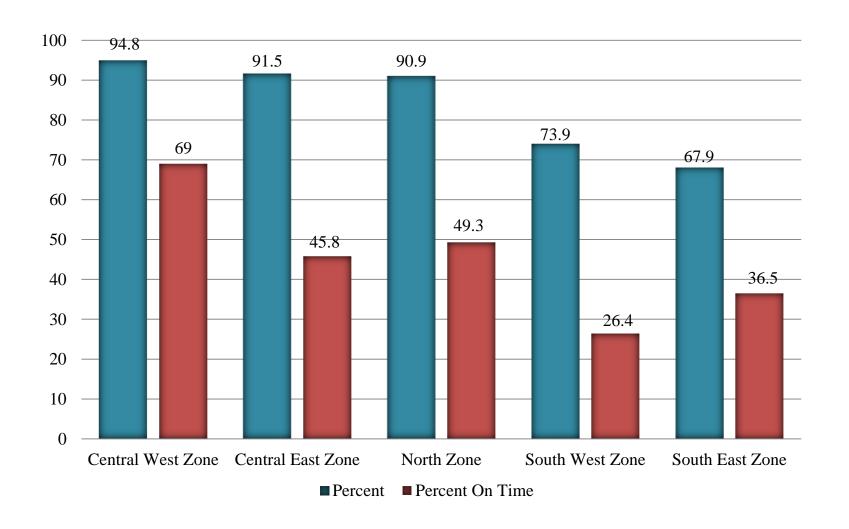
HSAs completes Village Clinic Register – monthly summarizes information into *Form 1 A*.

The **SHSA** collates the **HSA** information and summarizes into **Form 1 B and submits to the district**.

The **District** enters the data from form 1 B into the DHIS II database by facility

**MoH and** all other partners access data from **DHIS II** 

## **Facility Reporting Rates By Zone**



### **Global Fund support for iCCM**

#### **Country Action Plan and Progress:**

- Proposal with Action plan for two years period (2016-2017) developed and submitted
- Planned for 100% coverage in districts (28 districts)
- World Vision International and Government are SRs and PRs for grant
- Financing: Country plan US\$ 9.58 million (2016-2017)
  - Global Fund : 67% of total plan (5,521,160)
  - Funding gap : 33%
- The plan was revisited by Country Team in January 2016 to analyze actual need and the funding gap

# Global Fund support for iCCM

Challenges	Solutions
<ul> <li>Inadequate budget allocation for pre-service training of newly recruited 1400 HSAs</li> </ul>	Request for GF allocation
<ul> <li>90% of HSAs are not trained on RDT &amp; RA. Funding gap for this training is 69%</li> </ul>	Request for GF allocation
<ul> <li>Use of personal mobile phones by HSAs for cStock</li> </ul>	Request for GF allocation
<ul> <li>Residency and Housing for HSAs</li> </ul>	Request for support

#### **Lesson Learnt**

- Clear leadership of the Ministry of Health strengthens coordination among partners
- Engagement of the national IMCI technical working group in the process
- Development of integrated checklists incorporating key elements of sick child recording form
- Training supervisors in iCCM and supervisory skills improves performance
- Creation of a mentorship program for periodic skills reinforces HSAs competence
- District based village clinic review meetings to strengthens implementation
- C-stock system improves drug availability, data visibility and reporting

#### What Next?

- Rolling out of mRDTs and rectal artesunate at community level
- Refresher training for HSAs
- HSAs basic training
- DHIS2
- Strengthening cStock
  - through District product availability team and Health Centre product availability team meetings
- Expansion on the establishment of Village clinics following the revised guidelines on distance

## Way forward

Packaging and Integration of child care services at Community level for delivery by CHWs (HSAs)

# Thank You