

Classification and Referral Algorithm

Assessment	Classification	Referral	Treatment and Advice	
Ask, look and feel for Danger Signs: 1. Convulsions 2. Very sleepy or unconscious 3. Chest in-drawing 4. Vomiting everything 5. Not able to drink or breastfeed	If 1 or more danger signs is present classify as a danger sign	Refer immediately to health facility	Give pre-referral treatment as indicated below if child is able to swallow.	
Ask, look and feel for signs of Fast Breathing and Cough	Fast breathing is present with <u>a</u> danger sign and negative RDT classify as fast breathing with danger sign (severe pneumonia)	Refer immediately to health facility	Treat with amoxicillin. Give first dose before referral.	
	2-11 months: cough and respiratory rate of 50 or more breaths per minute with NO danger signs and negative RDT classify as fast breathing (pneumonia)	Do NOT refer; can	Treat with amoxicillin.	
	1-5 years: cough and respiratory rate of 40 or more breaths per minute with NO danger signs and negative RDT classify as fast breathing (pneumonia)	be treated at home	Give first dose DOT. Counsel caregiver on home treatment	
	Cough is present more than 21 days classify as other	Refer to health facility	Do NOT treat.	
	Cough is present without fast breathing classify as common cold or cough		Do NOT treat. Advise caregiver to continue breastfeeding or give a child plenty of water and other fluids	



Assessment	Classification	Referral	Treatment and Advice
	Diarrhoea with 1 or more danger signs or with signs of severe dehydration classify as diarrhoea with danger sign	Refer immediately to health facility	Give pre-referral treatment with ORS solution. Advice caregiver to give prepared solution on the way
Ask, look and feel for signs of Diarrhoea and	diarrhoea Ask, look and feel for gns of Diarrhoea facility	Refer to health facility	Give pre-referral treatment with ORS solution. Advice caregiver to give prepared solution on the way to the health facility
Dehydration	Diarrhoea for less than 14 days and NO blood in stool classify as diarrhoea	Do NOT refer; can be treated at home	Treat at home with ORS and Zinc Give first dose Zinc and prepared ORS solution DOT. Advice caregiver to continue breastfeeding or give a child plenty of water and other fluids Counsel caregiver on home treatment
	Fever and positive RDT and 1 or more danger sign classify as danger sign with fever (severe malaria)	Refer immediately to health facility	Give pre-referral treatment with Rectal Artesunate
	Fever for 7 days or more and positive RDT classify as fever (malaria) Refer to health facility	Give pre-referral treatment with Coartem	
Ask, look and feel for signs of Fever Perform RDT Test	Fever for less than 7 days and positive RDT classify as fever (uncomplicated malaria)	Do NOT refer; can be treated at home	Treat at home with Coartem Give first dose DOT. Counsel caregiver on home treatment.
	Fever and <u>negative RDT</u> and <u>no danger signs, no fast</u> <u>breathing</u> and <u>no diarrhoea</u> classify as fever other illness	Refer to health facility	Do NOT treat





Classification, Referral and Treatment Algorithms ICCM Central VHT Referral Guidelines

VHTs must refer the following patients to the nearest health facility:

- Any newborn, child or pregnant woman with one or more <u>danger signs</u>.
- Any child classified with diarrhoea for 14 days or more or with blood in stool.
- Any child classified with diarrhoea and signs of severe dehydration.
- Any child with fever for more than 7 days and a positive RDT.
- A child with <u>cough for more than 3 weeks</u> or living with a family member who has a history of TB.
- A child who gets worse while taking treatment given by the VHT.
- A child who does not improve despite treatment given by the VHT.
- A child brought to a VHT without symptoms and signs of fever, pneumonia, or diarrhoea
- All sick children younger than 2 months.
- All sick children older than 5 years.
- All sick adults.



Treatment Algorithms

Medication & Route	Age	Each Dose	Frequency	Duration	Total Tablets Given
Amoxicillin (oral)	2 to 11 months	2 tablets (250 mg)	Twice a day	5 days	20 tablets
	1 to 5 years	3 tablets (375 mg)	Twice a day	5 days	30 tablets
ORS (oral)	2 months to 5 years	1 litre prepared solution daily	1 dissolved packet per day	3 days	3 sachets
Zinc (oral)	2 to 6 months	½ tablet (10 mg)	Once daily	10 days	5 tablets
	7 months to 5 years	1 tablet (20 mg)	Once daily	10 days	10 tablets
Coartem Artemeter / Lumefantrine (oral)	4 months up to 3 years	1 tablet (20/120 mg)	Twice a day	3 days	6 tablets
	3 to 5 years	2 tablets (40/240 mg)	Twice a day	3 days	12 tablets
Artesunate (rectal)	4 to 11 months	1 capsule	Once	pre-referral	1 capsule
	1 to 3 years	2 capsules	Once	pre-referral	2 capsules
	4 to 5 years	4 capsules	Once	pre-referral	4 capsules