







# Updated BMGF Malaria Eradication Strategy & iCCM Fit

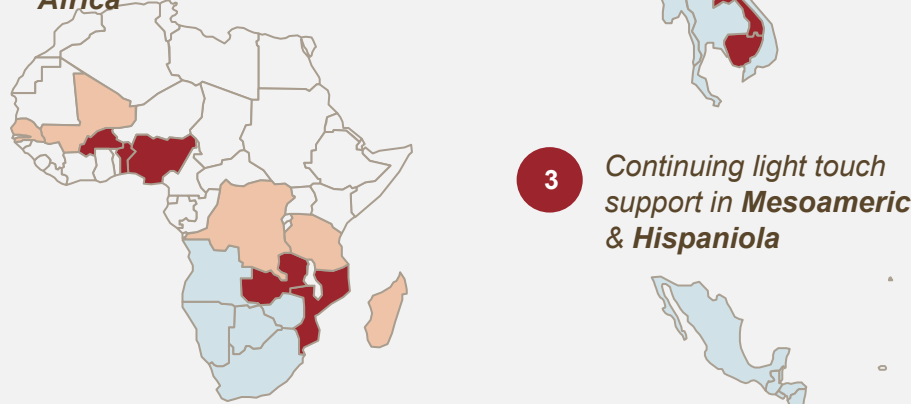
We are charting a new path forward for 2019-22 based on the changing world, our learnings, and our comparative advantages




## Evolution of the strategy

- 1  Enter high-burden countries to rapidly reduce burden through improved data-driven decisions / build systems for endgame
- 2  Deepen partnerships with PMI, GFATM, and WHO – as well as BMGF country and regional offices; and BMGF Strategy Teams
- 3  Establish platforms for next-generation surveillance and data use (emphasizing scaling vector and genetic epi surveillance)
- 4  Optimize coverage of chemoprevention through existing channels
- 5  Test models that can scale case management to increase access to and quality of care and medicines
- 6  Accelerate the R&D of transformational endgame tools

## Where are we planning to invest our resources?

- 1 Deepening our engagement in high-burden SSA (Nigeria, Benin, Burkina Faso, Mozambique and Zambia) while maintaining light-touch support to Southern Africa
- 2 Focusing our efforts to stamp out MDR in GMS
- 3 Continuing light touch support in Mesoamerica & Hispaniola



-  Existing geographies – expected ramp-down and light-touch support through regional accountability mechanisms
-  Intense engagement over next strategy period
-  Potential for opportunistic investments with ambition to expand in next strategy period

## Case Management

**Public sector:**

- Supply chain strengthening

**Private sector:**

- Mainstream data collection from private sector
- Leveraging private sector

**Community case management:**

- Institutionalized program scale up
- Operations research